



K24U 3432

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**III Semester B.Sc. Degree (C.B.C.S.S.– O.B.E.– Regular/Supplementary/  
Improvement) Examination, November 2024**

**(2019 to 2023 Admissions)**

**COMPLEMENTARY ELECTIVE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS**

**3C03 MAT-PH : Mathematics for Physics – III**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40



**PART – A**

Answer **any four** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **1** mark.

**(4×1=4)**

1. Define double integral of a function  $f$  over a region  $R$ .
2. Define the average value of an integrable function  $f$  over a region  $R$ .
3. Write the standard parametric equation of the line through a point  $P$  parallel to a vector  $v$ .
4. When can you say that a vector function  $r(t)$  is continuous at a point  $t = t_0$  in its domain ?
5. If  $f(x)$  has period  $p$  then find the period of  $f(nx)$ .

**PART – B**

Answer **any 7** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

**(7×2=14)**

6. Evaluate the iterated integral  $\int_1^2 \int_0^4 2xydydx$ .

7. Evaluate double integral  $\int \int_R \frac{\sqrt{x}}{y^2} dA$  over the rectangle  $R : 0 \leq x \leq 4, 1 \leq y \leq 2$ .

8. Find the area of the region  $R$  bounded by  $y = x$  and  $y = x^2$  in the first quadrant.

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9. Find the volume of the solid region bounded above by the paraboloid  $z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$  and below by the unit circle in the  $xy$ -plane.
10. Find the point where the line  $x = \frac{8}{3} + 2t, y = -2t, z = 1 + t$  intersects the plane  $3x + 2y + 6z = 6$ .
11. Find the distance from the point  $S(1,1,5)$  to the line  $L: x = 1 + t, y = 3 - t, z = 2t$ .
12. Let  $u$  and  $v$  be differentiable vector functions of  $t$ , then find  $\frac{d}{dt} [u(t) \cdot v(t)]$ .
13. Is  $L[f(t)g(t)] = L[f(t)]L[g(t)]$  ? Explain.
14. Show that sum of two odd function is odd.
15. Find the Laplace transform of  $f(t) = e^{at} \sin wt$ .
16. Write down the Euler formula for calculating the Fourier coefficient.

PART – C

Answer **any 4** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **3** marks. **(4×3=12)**

17. Find the volume of the region bounded above by the elliptical paraboloid  $z = 16 - x^2 - y^2$  and below by the square  $R : 0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq 2$ .
18. Integrate  $F(x,y,z) = 1$  over the tetrahedron  $D$  with vertices  $(0,0,0), (1,1,0), (0,1,0)$  and  $(0,1,1)$  in the order  $dzdydx$ .
19. Find the velocity, speed, and acceleration of a particle whose motion in space is given by the position vector  $r(t) = 2\cos t i + 2\sin t j + 5\cos 2t k$ .
20. Find the curve's unit tangent vector of  $r(t) = 2\cos t i + 2\sin t j + \sqrt{5}t k$ . Also, find the length of the curve in the portion  $0 \leq t \leq \pi$ .
21. Find the Laplace transform of the integral  $\int_0^t te^{-4t} \sin 3t dt$ .



22. Show that the Laplace transform is a linear operator.
23. Express  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}$ , if  $0 < x < \pi$  and  $f(x) = 0$ , if  $x > \pi$  as a Fourier sine integral.

PART – D

Answer **any 2** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **5** marks. **(2×5=10)**

24. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} \sqrt{x+y}(y-2x)^2 dy dx$ .
25. Find the curvature for the helix  $r(t) = (a \cos t)i + (a \sin t)j + btk$ ,  $a, b \geq 0$ ,  $a^2 + b^2 \neq 0$ .
26. If  $L[f(t)] = F(s)$ , then show that  $L[f(t-a)u(t-a)] = e^{-as}F(s)$ .
27. Obtain the half range Fourier cosine series for the function  
 $f(x) = \cos x$  if  $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $f(x) = 0$  if  $\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi$  in the interval  $(0, \pi)$ .

