

Reg. No.	:		 	 	 	••	* •	•
Name ·								

V Semester B.B.A. Degree (CBCSS – OBE – Regular/Supplementary/ Improvement) Examination, November 2022 (2019 Admission Onwards) Core Course 1 – Finance

5B12BBA : ADVANCED FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

PART - A

- I. Answer all questions in one/two sentences. Each question carries 1 mark.
 - 1) What is capital structure?
 - 2) What do you mean by current assets?
 - 3) What is inventory management?
 - 4) What do you mean by dividend policy?
 - 5) What is meant by wealth maximisation?
 - 6) Define Economic Order Quantity (EOQ).

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

PART - B

- II. Answer **any 6** questions **not** exceeding **one** paragraph. **Each** question carries **2** marks.
 - 7) Explain the concept of working capital.
 - 8) What do you mean by financial planning?
 - 9) What is meant by NOI approach?
 - 10) What is meant by financial management?
 - 11) What do you mean by MM theory?
 - 12) Explain financial leverage.
 - 13) Describe aging schedule.
 - 14) What is debtor turnover ratio?

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

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PART - C

- III. Answer **any 4** questions **not** exceeding **one** page. **Each** question carries **3** marks.
 - 15) Explain the functions of finance.
 - 16) Discuss the need for financial planning.
 - 17) Explain the limitations of trading on equity.
 - 18) Explain different motives for holding cash.
 - 19) What are the various ways of accelerating cash inflows?
 - 20) Explain the causes of over capitalisation.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

PART - D

- IV. Answer any 2 questions not exceeding four pages. Each carries 5 marks.
 - 21) Explain about determinants of dividend policy.
 - 22) Describe the need and determinants of working capital in a business.
 - 23) What is factoring? Discuss various functions of a factor.
 - 24) The annual demand for a product is 6400 units. The unit cost is Rs. 6 and inventory carrying cost per unit per annum is 25% of the average inventory cost. If the cost of procurement is Rs. 75 determine:
 - 1) EOQ
 - 2) Number of orders/annum
 - 3) Time between two consecutive orders.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$