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# V Semester B.B.A./B.B.A. (RTM) Degree (CBCSS – OBE - Regular / Supplementary / Improvement) Examination, November 2022 (2019 Admission Onwards)

# Core Course 5B11BBA/BBA (RTM): ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

#### PART - A

Answer all questions, each carries one mark.

- 1. What is Fixed Cost?
- 2. What do you mean by Factory Cost?
- 3. Define Current Ratio.
- 4. Define Marginal Cost.
- 5. What is P/V Ratio?
- 6. Explain Material Mix Variance.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$ 

## PART - B

Answer any six questions, each carries two marks.

- 7. Briefly explain Labour Cost Variance.
- 8. Write short note on "Cash Budget".
- 9. Debentures Rs. 2,20,000, Creditors Rs. 1,00,000, Bills payable Rs. 50,000, Equity Shareholders Fund Rs. 5,20,000. Calculate Debt Equity Ratio.

# K22U 2233



- 10. The following relate to a concern for a particular period.
  - Sales 10000 units at Rs. 50 each.

Variable cost - Rs. 30 per unit, Fixed cost - Rs. 1,00,000

Calculate P/V ratio.

- 11. What are the functions of Management Accounting?
- 12. Discuss the element-wise classification of Cost.
- 13. What are the steps involved in Budgetary Control?
- 14. What do you mean by Analysis of Financial Statements?

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ 

## PART - C

Answer any four questions, each carries three marks.

- 15. The following information relates to a manufacturing company.

  Direct Materials consumed Rs. 18,000, Direct Labour paid Rs. 12,000,
  Direct Expenses Rs. 4,000, Factory Overheads Rs. 6,000, Administrative
  Overheads Rs. 4,500, Selling and Distribution Overheads Rs. 2,500.
  1000 units are produced during the period and all the units produced are sold at Rs. 55 per unit. Prepare a Cost Sheet.
- 16. A product requires 100 Kgs of materials at the rate of Rs. 40 per Kg. The actual consumption of material for the manufacturing of that product came to 120 Kgs of materials at the rate of Rs. 45 per Kg. Calculate: 1) Material Cost Variance 2) Material Price Variance 3) Material Usage Variance.
- 17. Following is the Trading Account of SS Ltd. Calculate Stock Turnover Ratio.

Particulars	Rs.	<b>Particulars</b>	Rs.
Opening stock	80,000	Sales	3,30,000
Purchases	2,00,000	Closing stock	70,000
Wages	20,000		
Carriage	10,000		
Gross Profit c/d	90,000		
	4,00,000		4,00,000



- 18. You are given: Fixed cost Rs. 8,000, Break even units 4000, Sales 6000 units, selling price per unit Rs. 10. Calculate variable cost per unit.
- 19. What are the objectives of cost classification?
- 20. What is Variance Analysis?

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$ 

#### PART - D

Answer any two questions, each carries 5 marks.

- 21. Define a flexible budget. Mention the special features of flexible budget. Explain its importance as a tool of control and budgeting technique.
- 22. From the following data of a company you are required to calculate:
  - 1) Current ratio 2) Debt equity ratio 3) Solvency ratio.

Share capital Rs. 20,00,000, Debentures Rs. 10,00,000, Current liabilities Rs. 10,00,000, Fixed assets Rs. 24,00,000, Current assets Rs. 16,00,000.

23. The following relate to a concern for two successive periods.

Years	Sales	Profit
2020	3,00,000	40,000
2021	4,00,000	80,000

# Calculate:

- 1) P/V ratio
- 2) Profit at a sale of Rs. 5,00,000
- 3) Sales to earn a profit of Rs. 60,000.
- 24. What are the advantages of standard costing system? List out its limitations.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$