



K22U 1562

Reg. No. :

Name :

IV Semester B.Sc. Degree CBCSS (OBE) Regular/Supplementary/
Improvement Examination, April 2022
(2019 Admission Onwards)

COMPLEMENTARY ELECTIVE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
4C04MAT-PH : Mathematics for Physics – IV

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

PART – A

Answer **any four** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **1** mark.

1. Find the order of the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f(x, y)$.
2. Find the gradient of $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{\ln(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)}$.
3. Write a parametrization of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.
4. Find the divergence of the vector field $F(x, y) = \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \hat{i} + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \hat{j}$.
5. Define Trapezoidal rule.

(4×1=4)

PART – B

Answer **any seven** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **2** marks.

6. Show that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ is a parabolic partial differential equation.
7. Solve the partial differential equation $u_{yy} = 0$.
8. Find the line integral of $f(x, y) = x - y + 3$ along the curve $r(t) = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j}$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.

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9. What is the circulation density of $F = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)\hat{i} + \ln(x^2 + y^2)\hat{j}$?
10. Show that $\sin y \cos x \, dx + \cos y \sin x \, dy + dz$ is exact.
11. Integrate $G(x, y, z) = x^2$ over the unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.
12. Find the curl of $F = (x - y)\hat{i} + (y - z)\hat{j} + (z - x)\hat{k}$.
13. Prove that $\nabla \times \nabla f = 0$.
14. Use Trapezoidal rule with $n = 4$ to approximate $\int_0^2 x^3 \, dx$.
15. Find an upper bound for the error in estimating $\int_0^2 5x^4 \, dx$ using Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ -rule with $n = 4$.
16. Find the Taylor series for $y(x)$ if $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$ and $y(0) = 1$. (7×2=14)

PART - C

Answer **any four** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **3** marks.

17. Transform the partial differential equation $u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} + u_{yy} = 0$ into a normal form.
18. If u_1 and u_2 are solutions of $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ in some region R , then prove that $u = c_1 u_1 + c_2 u_2$ where c_1 and c_2 are constants is also a solution of the above partial differential equation.
19. Find the circulation of the field $F = (x - y)\hat{i} + x\hat{j}$ around the circle $r(t) = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j}$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
20. Show that $F = (e^x \cos y + yz)\hat{i} + (xz - e^x \sin y)\hat{j} + (xy + z)\hat{k}$ is conservative over its natural domain and find a potential function for it.



- 21. Find the area of the surface cut from the paraboloid $x^2 + y^2 - z = 0$ by the plane $z = 2$.
- 22. Use Euler method to find the value of Estimate the value of y when $x = 0.1$ if $y' = x^2 + y$ and $y(0) = 1$.
- 23. If $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x$ and $y(0) = 2$, find $y(0.1)$ correct to four decimal places. (4×3=12)

PART – D

Answer **any two** questions from this Part. **Each** question carries **5** marks.

- 24. Find the solution of the wave equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ with boundary condition $u(0, t) = u(L, t) = 0, t \geq 0$ and initial condition $u(x, 0) = f(x), u_t(x, 0) = 0,$
 $0 \leq x \leq L$ where $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2kx}{L} & \text{if } 0 \leq x < L/2 \\ \frac{2K(L-x)}{L} & \text{if } L/2 \leq x \leq L \end{cases}$
- 25. Find the counter clockwise circulations and outward flux of the field $F = xy\hat{i} + y^2\hat{j}$ around and over the boundary of the region enclosed by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = x$ in the first quadrant.
- 26. Calculate the circulation of the field $F = 2y\hat{i} + 3x\hat{j} - z^2\hat{k}$ around the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ in the XY plane counter clockwise when viewed from above.
- 27. If $y = A + Bx + Cx^2$ and y_0, y_1, y_2 are the values y corresponding to $x = 0, h$ and $2h$ respectively, prove that $\int_0^{2h} y dx = \frac{h}{3}(y_0 + 4y_1 + y_2).$ (2×5=10)