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IV Semester M.A. Degree (CBSS-Reg./Suppl. (Including Mercy Chance)/Imp.) Examination, April 2021 (2014 Admission Onwards) Development Economics ECO4C14 : GLOBAL TRADE AND FINANCE

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer all questions. Each question carries a 1/2 mark.

- 1. Leontief paradox is an empirical repudiation of
 - a) Absolute cost theory b) Hecksher-Ohlin theory
 - c) Rybcznsky theorem d) Kravis theory
- 2. If international trade is based on comparative advantage, it will result in ?
 - a) Inequality among households will be reduced
 - b) All individuals in each country will be better off
 - c) The average well-being of people in both countries will increase
 - d) Both countries will grow faster over time
- 3. The size of the Foreign trade multiplier is determined by
 - a) MPM b) MPS
 - c) Both a) and b) d) None of these
- 4. The term Euro Currency market refers to
 - a) The international foreign exchange market
 - b) The market where the borrowing and lending of currencies take place outside the country of issue
 - c) The countries which have adopted Euro as their currency
 - d) The market in which Euro is exchanged for other currencies

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5. F a	oreign Direct Invest) Short term invest	nent	b) Long term investd) Both a) and b)and sell and their p		n is				
(called the a) International bo c) Foreign exchan	d market e market	b) International capd) Eurocurrency m	oital market arket					
-7	The inflow and outflow of goods and services into a country is marked by								
		Ŭ	b) Current account						
	a) Capital accountc) Financial accourt	nt .	d) Foreign exchange account						
8.	The idea of factor I free trade wages a	orice equalization	implies that in perfect competition and htries will c) converge d) decrease						
	a) diverge	b) increase	c) converge	u) uoorouo -	(½×8=4)				
PART – B (Very short answers)									
to the superiors. Each question carries 2 marks. No answer should									

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks. No answer should exceed one page.

9. Balance of payments.

10. Factor endowments.

11. Forward market.

12. Swaps.

13. European union.

14. FEMA.

15. MNCs.

16. Snake in the tunnel approach.

17. Euro bond.

18. Metzler paradox.

19. GATT.

20. New International Economic Order (NIEO).

- 21. Leontief Paradox.
- 22. Absolute cost advantage theory.
- 23. Immiserising growth.
- 24. Dirty float.

PART - C (Short answers)

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Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks. No answer should exceed two and a half pages.

- 25. Give a brief account on Indias Balance of Payment position after liberalisation.
- 26. What is meant by equilibrium in the foreign exchange market ?
- 27. Derive an offer curve from hypothetical terms of trade schedule.
- 28. Evaluate the technology gap theory of international trade.
- 29. Evaluate SAARC as a model of regional economic cooperation.
- 30. Explain the mint parity theory of exchange rate.
- 31. Trace the origin of WTO and its objectives.
- 32. What is meant by foreign trade multiplier ?

PART – D (Long essays)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks. No answer should exceed six pages.

- 33. Critically evaluate the Hecksher-Ohlin theory of international trade.
- 34. Prepare a note on Bretton wood sisters.
- 35. Make a comparative study of the absorption approach and elasticity approach to the balance of payment.
- 36. Critically evaluate the Stolper-Samuelson theorem.
- 37. Examine the importance of international trade in the economic growth.
- 38. Analyse the effects customs union using partial equilibrium analysis. $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

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(8×2=16)

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$