

K18U 0097

Reg. No.	

Name :

VI Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Reg./Supple./Imp.) Examination, May 2018 CORE COURSE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE (Elective) 6B16CSC : E06 : Information Security (2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A

1. One word answer :

(8×0.5=4)

- a) ______ is a standalone malware computer program that replicates itself in order to spread to other computers.
- b) ______ is a method of storing and transmitting data in a particular form so that only those for whom it is intended can read and process it.
- c) _____ is a method of encrypting text in which a cryptographic key and algorithm are applied to a block of data.

d) DES stands for _____

e) Vignere table is an example of _____

f) _____ uses fixed substitution over the entire message.

- g) _____ is a mathematical scheme for demonstrating the authenticity of digital message or documents.
- h) _____ is a general form of cryptanalysis applicable primarily to block ciphers, but also to stream ciphers and cryptographic hash functions.

SECTION-B

Write short notes on any seven of the following questions :

2. Define worms.

- 3. Explain cryptography.
- 4. Define stream cipher.

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(7×2=14)

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- 5. Define mono alphabetic cipher.
- 6. Explain DES structure.
- 7. What is known as linear cryptanalysis ?
- 8. Explain the security of RSA.
- 9. Explain triple DES.
- 10. Define integrity.
- 11. Explain the term duplicity.

SECTION - C

Answer any four of the following questions :

- 12. Difference between cryptography and steganography.
- 13. What is known as transposition ciphers ?
- 14. Explain the requirement for public key cryptosystem.
- 15. Explain the weakness of DES.
- 16. Difference between double DES and triple DES.
- 17. Explain :
 - a) Message Authentication
 - b) Message Integrity.

SECTION - D

Answer any two of the following questions :

- 18. Explain Kirchhoff's principle.
- 19. Explain Substitution Ciphers.
- 20. Define initial permutation, final permutation and key generation in DES.
- 21. Explain Brute-Force attack.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$