

Reg. No. :	***************************************
Name :	

IV Semester B.B.A./B.B.A. (T.T.M.) /B.B.A. (R.T.M.) Degree (CBCSS-Reg./ Sup./Imp.) Examination, April 2020 (2014 Admn. Onwards) **Complementary Course**

4C05 BBA/BBA (TTM)/BBA (RTM) : BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A

Answer the 4 questions. Each question carries ½ mark.

- 1. A researcher wants to study the relationship of family size to income. He classifies his population into different income slabs and then takes a random sample from each slab in order. Which technique of sampling is he working with?
- 2. _____ research is applicable to phenomena that are measurable so that they can be expressed in terms of quantity.
- 3. Name the type of research which is aimed at developments of new insights into theories or thoughts.
- 4. Name the error which arises mainly at the stages of ascertaining and processing $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2)$ of data.

SECTION - B

Answer any four questions. Each carries 1 mark.

- 5. What is deduction?
- 6. What is hypothesis?
- 7. Explain census method.

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- 8. Explain interview schedule.
- 9. What do you understand by editing?
- 10. Explain cluster sampling.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

SECTION - C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries three marks.

- 11. Explain the objectives of research.
- 12. What is tabulation?
- 13. What are the characteristics of good hypothesis?
- 14. What are the advantages of interview method of data collection?
- 15. Explain probability sampling and non probability sampling.
- 16. What is meant by coding?
- 17. State the law of statistical regularity.
- 18. Explain the various steps for defining and formulating a research problem.

 $(6 \times 3 = 18)$

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries eight marks.

- 19. Explain the different types of research.
- 20. Define sampling. State its merit and demerits. Differentiate between census and sample.
- 21. Explain different scales of measurement.

(2×8=16)