

		K19P 0210
Reg. No. :	••••	0120 4612
Name :	he priolog practice of a produceri	5. A mark up rule refers to t
Economics/A	Degree (Reg./Suppl./Imp.) Exa (2014 Admission Onwards) applied Economics/Developm C 05 : MICRO ECONOMIC THE	ent Economics
Time: 3 Hours	artial and general/Mysillo.dm.	Max. Marks: 60
	PART – A	
	er. Answer all questions. All ques	
Which among the following firm?	owing is an assumption of the neo	oclassical theory of the
a) The entrepreneur	is also the owner of the firm	
b) The firm has a sir	ngle goal, that of profit maximization	on a serumes that taking
c) This goal is attaind) All the above	ed by application of the marginalis	8. Component/s of Ricardo
2. Pareto-optimality auto	matically exists in	
a) Perfect competition	versal compenion to equalize reco	
b) Monopoly	bry of population from which bear	
c) Monopolistic compd) Oligopoly	petition	
3. Zero-sum is a situatio benefit is always	n in game theory in which the ne	
a) Positive	b) Negative	Answer any eight questions
c) Unity	d) None of the above	
4. The book, "Growth an authored by	d income distribution: Essays in e	
a) Sylos	b) Modigliani	
c) Baumol	d) Pasinetti	



5.	. A mark up rule refers to the pr	icing practice of a producer with market power,
	where a firm charges a fixed n	park up over its
	a) Average cost	h) Averes

a) Average cost

b) Average variable cost

c) Marginal cost

d) Total cost

6. Identify the name associated with the model of managerial discretion a) Marris

b) Baumol

c) Bain

d) Williamson

7. Which among the following is not a postulation of Euler's Product Exhaustion

- a) It assumes a linear standardised production of first degree which implies invariable returns to scale
- b) It assumes that the factors are complementary
- c) It assumes that factors of production are indivisible
- d) There is perfect competition
- 8. Component/s of Ricardo's theory of distribution include/s
 - a) Diminishing returns to labour working on a fixed supply of land
 - b) The tendency of universal competition to equalize returns to investment
 - c) The Malthusian theory of population from which emerges the iron law of
 - d) All the above

PART - B

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 9. Define marginal productivity.
- 10. Explain product exhaustion theorem.
- 11. What is elasticity of factor substitution?
- 12. What is meant by zero-sum game?
- 13. Prepare a note on average cost pricing.



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- 14. What are the assumptions of Bain's limit pricing?
- 15. Briefly explain Scitovsky criterion.
- 16. What do you know about saddle point?
- 17. Define technological progress.
- 18. Distinguish between partial and general equilibrium.
- 19. Explain the term widow's cruse.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

PART - C

Answer any four questions. Each carries 5 marks.

- 20. Explain the marginal productivity theory of distribution.
- 21. Critically examine the postulations of Kaldor-Hicks compensation criteria.
- 22. Examine Wicksteed's solution of product exhaustion problem with Euler's Theorem.
- 23. What are the factors affecting the wage differences of workers?
- 24. Explain social welfare function.
- 25. Point out the importance of game theory in economics.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

PART - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 26. Critically examine Kaldor's theory of distribution.
- 27. Summarize the Hall and Hitch report and the 'Full-Cost' pricing principle.
- 28. Explain Marris's model of the managerial enterprise.
- 29. Examine the general equilibrium theory of Walras.

 $(2\times10=20)$